# Justification for the selection of a substance for CoRAP inclusion

Substance Name (Public Name): Benzotriazole

**Chemical Group:** 

**EC Number**: 202-394-1

**CAS Number**: 95-14-7

Submitted by: Germany

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#### Note

This document has been prepared by the evaluating Member State given in the CoRAP update.

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#### 1 IDENTITY OF THE SUBSTANCE

#### 1.1 Other identifiers of the substance

**Table 1: Substance identity** 

EC name:	Benzotriazole		
IUPAC name:	1 <i>H</i> -Benzotriazole		
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	-		
Molecular formula:	$C_6H_5N_3$		
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	119.12 g/mol		
Synonyms/Trade names:	1,2,3-Benzotriazole 1,2,3-Triaza-1H-indene 1,2,3-Triazaindene 1,2-Aminoazophenylene 1H-1,2,3-Benzotriazole 2,3-Diazaindole Azimidobenzene Aziminobenzene B 0094 BLS 1326 BT 120 BTA Benzene azimide Benzisotriazole Benzisotriazole Benzisotriazole Benzisotriazole C.V.I. Liquid Cobratec 35G Cobratec 99 D 32-108 Entek ISK 3 Irgastab I 489 Kemitec TT M 318 Miracle HP 16 NSC 3058 Rusmin R Seetec BT Seetec BT-R T 706 TH-BTA Verzone Crystal Verzone Crystal 120		

Type of substance $\square$  Mono-constituent $\square$  Multi-constituent $\square$  UVCB

#### Structural formula:

#### 1.2 Similar substances/grouping possibilities

None identified.

#### 2 CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING

#### 2.1 Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

There is no harmonized classification of 1H-Benzotriazole according to Annex VI of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

#### 2.2 Self classification

• In the registration

Acute Tox. 4; H302: Harmful if swallowed

Eye Irrit. 2; H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Aquatic Chronic 3; H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Signal Words: Warning Pictograms: GHS07

 The following hazard classes are in addition notified among the aggregated self classifications in the C&L Inventory:

Classifica	tion	La	Specific Concentration	
Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)	Supplementary Hazard Statement Code(s)	limits, M- Factors
Eye Dam. 1	H318	H318		
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	H315		
Acute Tox. 3	H301	H301		
Acute Tox. 4	H312	H312		
Acute Tox. 2	H330	H330		

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Acute Tox. 3	H331	H331
Acute Tox. 4	H332	H332
STOT SE 3	H336	H336
STOT SE 3	H335	H335
Muta. 2	H341	H341
Aquatic Chronic 4	H413	H413
Flam. Sol. 1	H228	H228
Not Classified		

Signal Words: Pictograms:

Danger GHS07
Warning GHS02
GHS05
GHS06
GHS08

## 2.3 Proposal for Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

None

#### 3 INFORMATION ON AGGREGATED TONNAGE AND USES

From ECHA dissemination site					
☐ 1 – 10 tpa		☐ 10 – 100 tpa		☐ 100 – 1000 tpa	
	□ 10,000 − 100	000 tpa	□ 100,	☐ 100,000 – 1,000,000 tpa	
0 tpa	□ 10,000,000 -	100,000,000 tpa	☐ > 100,000,000 tpa		
tpa (e.	g. 10+ ; 100+ ; 1	0,000+ tpa)	☐ Conf	idential	
⊠ Profe	essional use	□ Consumer use	)	☐ Closed System	
1-h-benzotriazole is used for the prevention of corrosion of metals and for example used for the protection of roofs or used in dish washer tabs. Other uses are e.g. professional use in lubricants and greases, use in heat transfer fluids, use in medical devices, de-icing of roads Hence, industrial, professional and consumer uses are indicated.					
÷ >	tpa (e.  Profed for the ed in disuse in h	☐ 10 – 100 tpa☐ 10,000 – 100,000 – 100,000 – 100,000 – 100,000 – 100,000,000 – 100,000 –	☐ 10 – 100 tpa ☐ 10,000 – 100,000 tpa ☐ 10,000,000 – 100,000,000 tpa ☐ tpa ☐ 10,000,000 – 10,000+ tpa ☐ tpa (e.g. 10+; 100+; 10,000+ tpa) ☐ Professional use ☐ Consumer use ☐ d for the prevention of corrosion of meta ☐ ed in dish washer tabs. Other uses are e ☐ use in heat transfer fluids, use in medica	☐ 10 – 100 tpa ☐ 100. ☐ 10,000 – 100,000 tpa ☐ 100, ☐ tpa ☐ 10,000,000 – 100,000,000 tpa ☐ > 10. ☐ tpa (e.g. 10+; 100+; 10,000+ tpa) ☐ Confeed in dish washer tabs. Other uses are e.g. profeed in heat transfer fluids, use in medical devices	

### 4 JUSTIFICATION FOR THE SELECTION OF THE CANDIDATE CORAP SUBSTANCE

4.1 Legal basis for the proposal
☐ Article 44(2) (refined prioritisation criteria for substance evaluation)
☐ Article 45(5) (Member State priority)
4.2 Selection criteria met (why the substance qualifies for being in CoRAP)
☐ Fulfils criteria as CMR/ Suspected CMR
☐ Fulfils criteria as Sensitiser/ Suspected sensitiser
□ Fulfils criteria as potential endocrine disrupter
☐ Fulfils criteria as PBT/vPvB / Suspected PBT/vPvB
$\boxtimes$ Fulfils criteria high (aggregated) tonnage ( $tpa > 1000$ )
□ Fulfils exposure criteria
□ Fulfils MS's (national) priorities

### 4.3 Initial grounds for concern to be clarified under Substance Evaluation

Hazard based concerns					
CMR □C □M □R	Suspected CMR <sup>1</sup>	Potential endocrine disruptor			
Sensitiser	☐ Suspected Sensitiser <sup>1</sup>				
☐ PBT/vPvB	☐ Suspected PBT/vPvB <sup>1</sup>	☐ Other (please specify below)			
Exposure/risk based concerns					
☐ Wide dispersive use	☐ Consumer use	☐ Exposure of sensitive populations			
☐ Exposure of environment	☐ Exposure of workers	☐ Cumulative exposure			
☐ High RCR	☐ High (aggregated) tonnage	☐ Other (please specify below)			
There is scientific evidence from in vitro as well as in vivo studies, that 1-h-benzotriazole can bind to the estrogen receptor and act as estrogen agonist, leadingto adverse effects in organisms in the environment. UBA considers a substance evaluation for 1-h-benzotriazole as necessary to check if the concerns regarding endocrine disrupting properties are sufficient to confirm that it is as endocrine disrupting substance for the environment.					

Suspected PBT: Potentially Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

<sup>1</sup> CMR/Sensitiser: known carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic properties/known sensitising properties (according to CLP harmonized or registrant self-classification or CLP Inventory) Suspected CMR/Suspected sensitiser: suspected carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic properties/suspected sensitising properties (not classified according to CLP harmonized or registrant self-classification)

#### JUSTIFICATION DOCUMENT FOR THE SELECTION OF A CORAP SUBSTANCE

# 4.4 Other completed/ongoing regulatory processes that may affect suitability for substance evaluation

Compliance check, Final decision			☐ Dangerous substances Directive 67/548/EEC			
□ Testing proposal			☐ Existing Substances Regulation 793/93/EEC			
☐ Annex VI (CLP)			ant Protection Prod	ucts Regulation 91/414/EEC		
☐ Annex XV (SVHC)			ocidal Products Dir ocidal Product Regi	ective 98/8/EEC ; ulation (Regulation (EU) 528/2012)		
Annex XIV (Authorisa	ation)	☐ Ot	her (provide furthe	er details below)		
☐ Annex XVII (Restrict	ion)					
Testing proposal for:						
Endpoint: Reproductiv	ve toxicity (prenatal o	develo	pmental toxicity.			
Public consultation en	nded 05/12/2013.					
4.5 Preliminary indication of information that may need to be requested to clarify the concern						
☐ Information on toxico	ological properties		☐ Information of	n physico-chemical properties		
☐ Information on fate a	and behaviour		☐ Information on exposure			
□ Information on ecoto	oxicological properties		☐ Information on uses			
☐ Information ED poter	ntial		☐ Other (provide further details below)			
There is some scientific evidence on the ED properties of 1-h-benzotriazole. Further information on the ED potential as well as ecotoxicological data for invertebrate and vertebrates species is needed to clarify the concern. This may lead to the request of relevant fish toxicity studies including fish sexual development test or fish full life cycle.						
4.6 Potential follow-up and link to risk management						
☐ Harmonised C&L	☐ Harmonised C&L ☐ Restriction		ithorisation	☐ Other (provide further details)		
If the concern is substantiated a SVHC-identification according to art. 57 f will be proposed.						