

# Downstream user chemical safety report

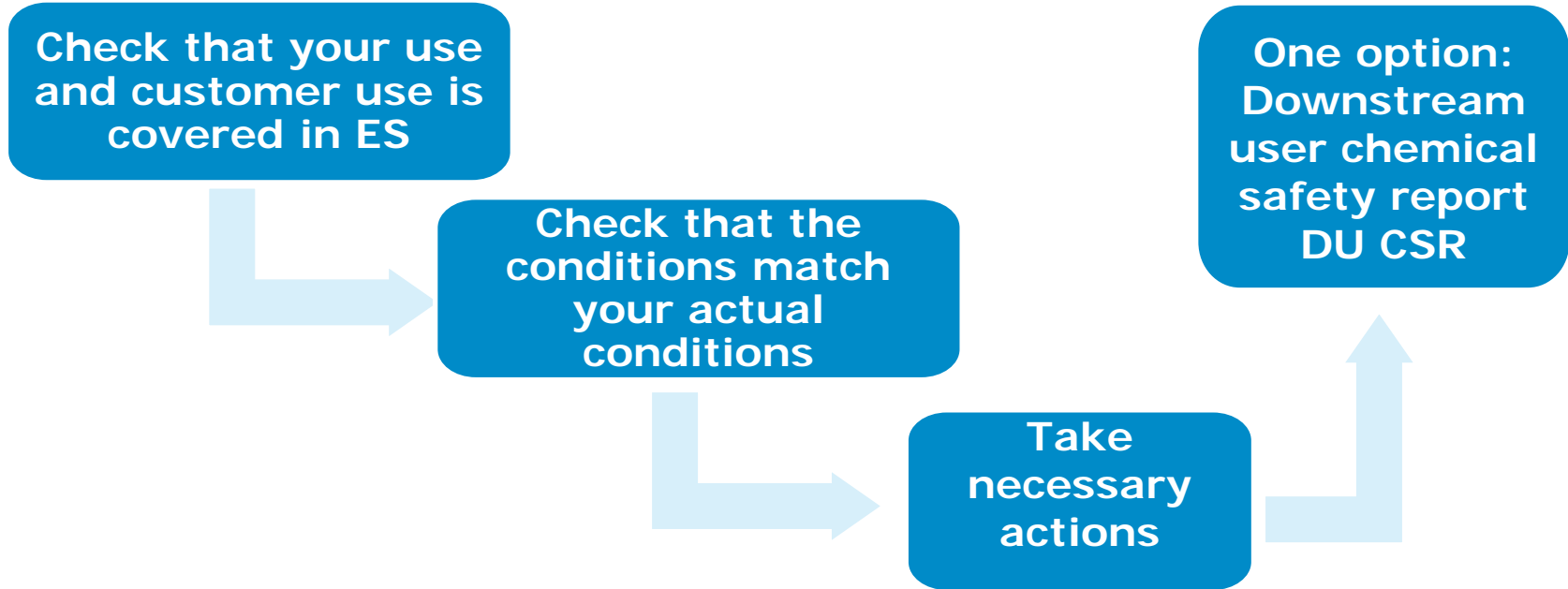
Downstream user update

21 October 2015

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European Chemicals Agency



# What to do when you receive exposure scenarios



# Downstream user chemical safety report (DU CSR)



## What it is

A report of the chemical safety assessment for a substance, for the use not covered in the exposure scenario from your supplier

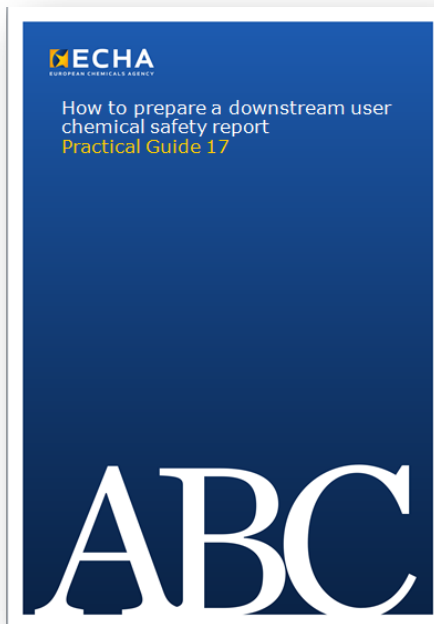
## What it's not

As extensive as a registrant chemical safety report



You can use the hazard assessment of the registrant (DNELs/PNECs, etc.)

# Recent developments



- Practical guide on how to prepare a DU CSR – published September 2015
- Cross-stakeholder taskforce on DU CSRs (Lead: DUCC)



# Before you start

- Check the exemptions that may apply, these include:
  - Use <1 tonne per year;
  - Substance in low concentration in a mixture
- Consider the alternatives to a DU CSR, these include:
  - Contact your supplier
  - Implement the measures recommended in the ES

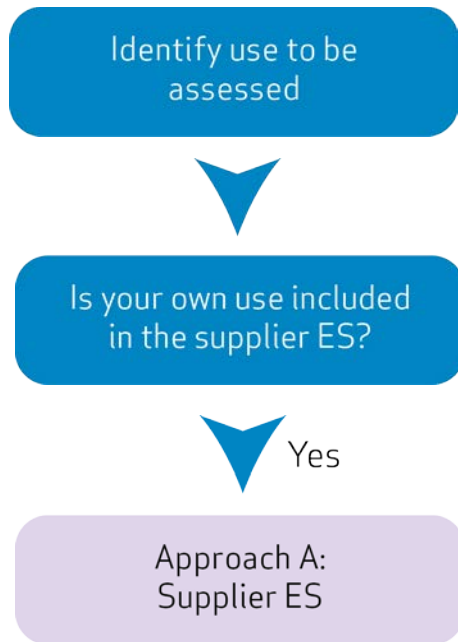


See Practical Guide 17 for  
full details on all these aspects

# Initial step – gather substance and hazard information

- Exposure limit values, classification, substance properties etc.
- Primary source is the supplier
- Many other sources available
  
- Be confident that the information is reliable and trustworthy
- Document the source of information in the DU CSR

# Approaches to preparing a DU CSR



# Approach A: Supplier Exposure Scenario

- Base it on supplier ES
- Identify the conditions of use that differ
- Estimate exposure
  - Recalculation/scaling tool or exposure estimation tool
- Check risk is controlled
  - Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)  $< 1$
- Similar to checking ES using scaling
- First choice if feasible. Low complexity



# Compare use and conditions of use



	Supplier	DU actual
Use	Dipping	Dipping
Duration	Full shift	<4 hours
Engineering controls	LEV	General ventilation

Use covered, but conditions of use not covered

Approach A: supplier exposure scenario

# Compare exposure and risk

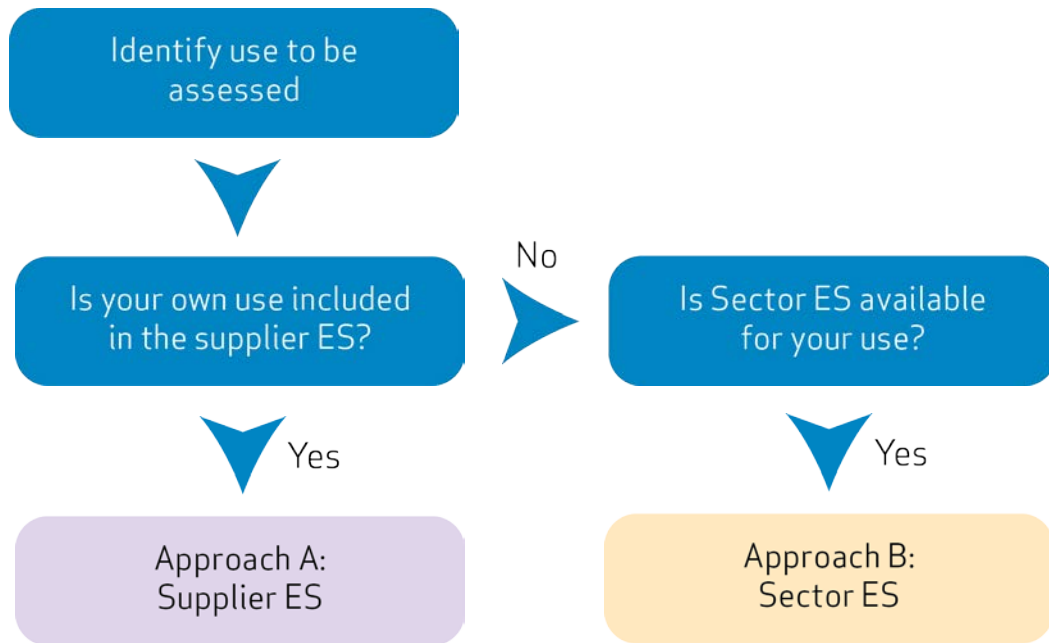
	Supplier	DU actual
Long-term inhalation exposure	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
RCR- long-term inhalation	0.49	0.81

Risk characterisation ratio (RCR) = exposure estimate/DNEL (or PNEC)  
DNEL (inhalation): 25 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Use recalculation/scaling tool or exposure estimation tool

Approach A: supplier exposure scenario

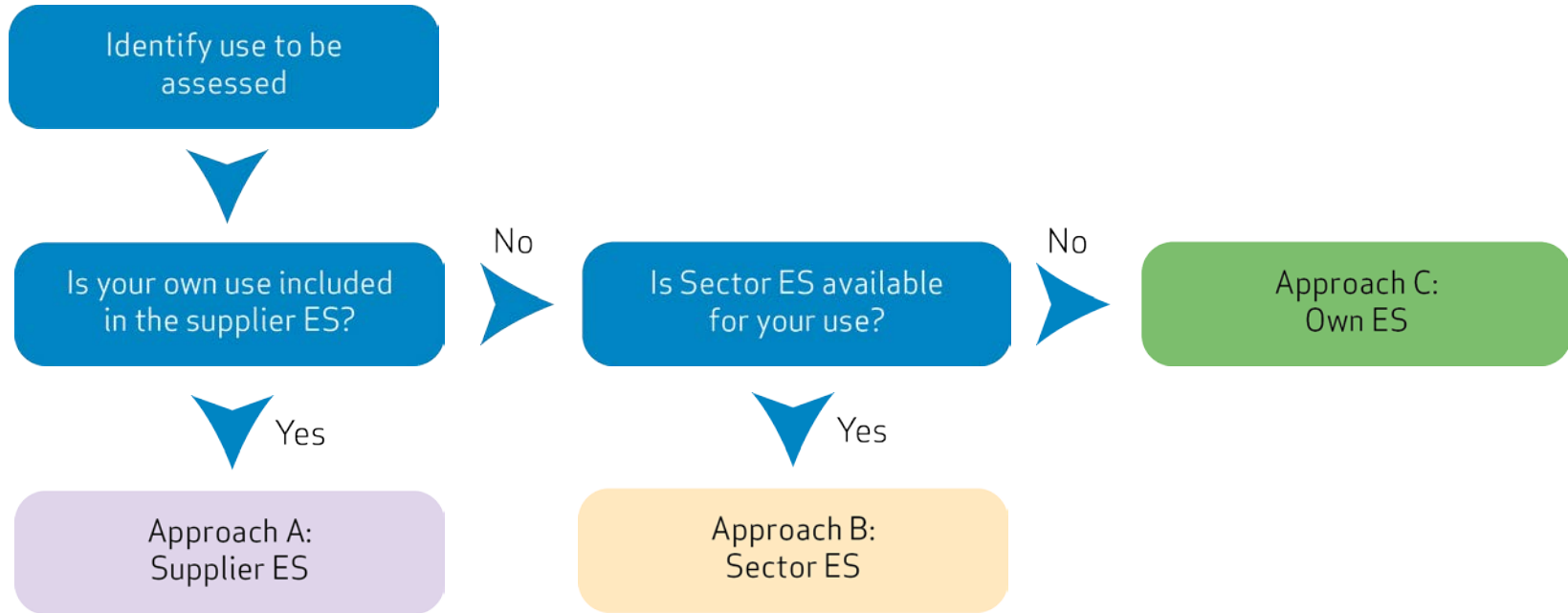
# Approaches to preparing a DU CSR



## Approach B: Supplier Exposure Scenario

- Base it on sector ES for DU CSR
- Identify the sector CSA/ES that describes your use and conditions of use
- Confirm substance properties/use conditions match yours
- Confirm risk is controlled ( $RCR < 1$ ) using exposure estimate provided
  
- A suitable generic assessment (ES with exposure estimates) must be available
- To be developed by sector organisations

# Approaches to preparing a DU CSR



# Approach C: Own Exposure Scenario

- Generate your own ES
  - Describe your conditions of use
- Estimate exposure
  - Measured data or exposure estimation tool
- Check risk is controlled
  - Risk characterisation ratio (RCR) < 1
- CSR from “first principles” - suitable for all situations
- Likely to draw upon site based risk assessment
- May require greater competence than the other approaches

# Example: estimating the exposure based on measured data for that use

Year	Report ref.	No. of personal samples	Mean 8 hour TWA mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Geometric standard deviation	90 <sup>th</sup> percentile 8 hour TWA mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2012	A-12345	9	0.27	2.0	0.56
2013	B-12345	7	0.20	1.9	0.41
2014	C-12345	9	0.18	2.7	0.45
	Overall	25	0.22	2.3	0.49

Risk characterisation ratio (RCR) = exposure estimate/DNEL (or PNEC)

DNEL(inhalation): 25 mg/m<sup>3</sup> ; **RCR = 0.49/25 = 0.02**



See Practical Guide 17 for a comprehensive list of modelling tools that can also be used

Approach C: own exposure scenario

## Before you finish

- Document the DU CSR
- Report to ECHA, if required
- Communicate the outcome to your customers, if relevant



See Practical Guide 17 for  
full details on all these aspects



## Concluding points

- A DU CSR is typically within the competence of most environmental and health & safety professionals
- Take advantage of synergies with risk assessment under other environmental and health & safety legislation

# Thank you!

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